# Integrative Approaches to Headache Management

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### **Objectives**

- Discuss the rationale and prevalence for incorporating integrative therapies
- Review common integrative therapies used in headache management
- Discuss incorporation of integrative / CAM therapies into an pain management plan

### Disclosure

- Research Support
  - Johnson & Johnson
- · Consultant:
  - McNeil Consumer Health
  - Purdue
  - Nu-Life Technologies

### Overview

- Rationale
- · Prevalence of Treatment
- Goals of Therapy
- Overview of Treatment Approach
- Integrative Approach: Putting it all together
- Conclusions

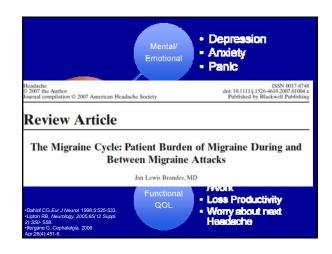
# Approach to the Therapies / Therapiess DEPARTMENT | HAMADE | INTEGRATIVE APPROACHES TO HEADACHE MANAGEMENT Integrative Approaches to Headache Management By ROBERT BONAKDAR, MD, FAAFP, and CHRISTY JACKSON, MD Bonakdar RA, Jackson, K. Integrative Approaches to Headache Management. Pain Practitioner 2010, 28(1):43-54.

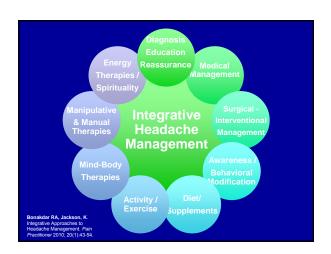
# Burden of illness and satisfaction with care among patients with headache seen in a primary care setting

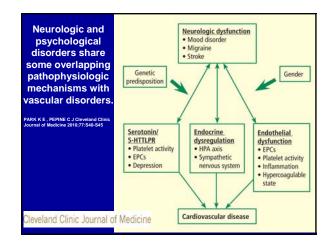
- "These patients have significant problems with headache management, disability, pain, worry, and dissatisfaction with care.
- ..we observed across the sites a consistent need for improvement in headache management."
- Migraine patients are satisfied or very satisfied with current care options 21% of the time

Headache. 2005 Sep;45(8):1048-55. Burden of illness and satisfaction with care among patients with headach seen in a primary care setting Harpole LH et al. Lake AE. Psychological impact the personal burden of mioraine. Am J Man Care 1999: 5: S11







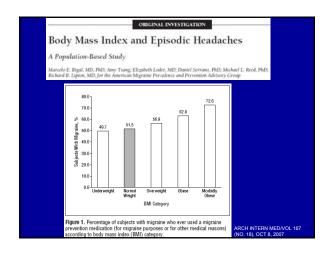


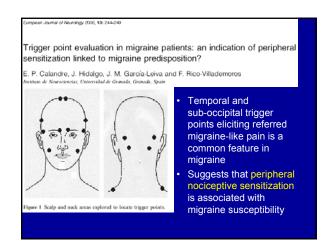


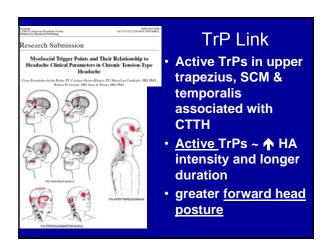
## Migraine - Depression Link

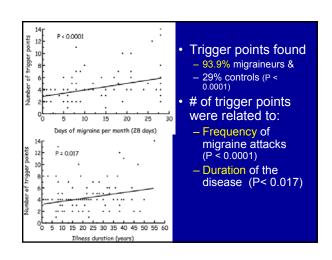
- Major depression at baseline predicts the first-onset of migraine during the next 2years
- Migraine at baseline predicted the firstonset of major depression during follow-up

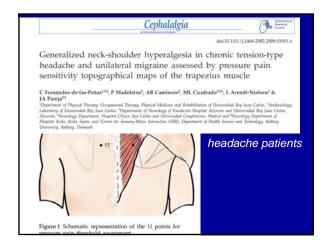
Breslau N, Lipton RB, Stewart WF, Schultz LR, Welch KM. Comorbidity of migraine and depression: Investigating potential etiology and prognosis. *Neurology*, 2003;60:1308-1312.











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### CAM Prevalence in Headache CAM users (%) Country and first author CAM therapies USA 84 Massage Von Peter et al. 2002 Exercises Acupuncture Swiss 30 Acupuncture Homoeopathy 21 7 27 22 10 Kozak et al. 2005 31 Acupuncture Rossi et al. 2005 Massage Chiropractic Acupuncture 40 22 18 Rossi et al. 2006 18 58 57 Massage Germany own data, Gaul et al. 2008 Acupuncture Physical therapy Relaxation training 42 CAM, complementary and al Use of complementary and alternative medicine in patients suffering from primary headache disc

### The US Headache Consortium

Nonpharmacologic Tx well suited for those with:

- 1. Preference for such Tx
- 2. Poor tolerance for pharma Tx
- 3. Contraindications for specific pharma Tx
- 4. Insufficient or no response to pharma Tx
- 5. (planning to be) pregnant or nursing
- 6. H/O long-term, frequent, or excessive analgesic or acute medications
- 7. Exhibit significant stress or deficient stresscoping skills

Campbell JK, Penzien DB, Wall EM. Evidence-based guidelines for migraine headache: behavioral and physical treatments

# Prevalence, pattern and predictors of use of CAM in migraine patients

- Therapies perceived beneficial by 39.5%
- Most common reason for CAM use:

   "potential improvement" (47.7%)
- Most common source of information:
   a friend or relative (52.7%)
- 61% of CAM users had not informed clinician

Rossi P, Di Lorenzo G, Malpezzi MG, et al. Prevalence, pattern and predictors of use of CAM in migrain patients attending a headache clinic in Italy. Cephalalgia 2005 Jul;25(7):493-506.

# Goals of Behavioral & Preventive Treatments

- 1. Frequency and severity of headache
- 3. ▶ Reliance on poorly tolerated or unwanted pharmacotherapies
- 4. Personal control of migraine
- Headache-related distress and psychologic symptoms

Campbell JK, Penzien DB, Wall EM. Evidence-based guidelines for migraine headache: behavioral and physical treatments

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### **Integrative Considerations**

- Trigger management
- Dietary Supplements
  - Riboflavin

  - MagnesiumCoQ10
  - Feverfew
  - Butterbur
  - Ginger . . .

- Mind-Body & Behavioral Therapies
  - Biofeedback
  - CBT
  - Guided Imagery
  - Visualization
- Relaxation / Breathing
- Modalities
- Exercise
- Manual therapy / Manipulation '
- Yoga / MBSR
- Acupuncture
- Healing Touch

### **SHED** Your Triggers Stress & Tension - Stimuli (lights, sound, odors) Sleep dysfunction Hormones Exercise

Environmental (weather, mealtime) change

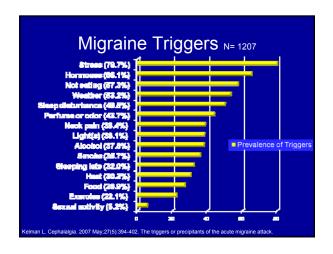
- Diet
- Deficiency
- Drugs

### Triggers & Headache

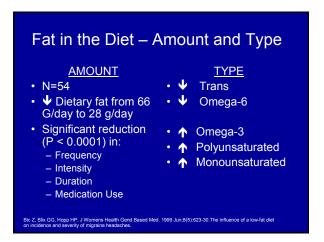
- N= 1207 Migraine sufferers
- Prevalence 75.9% reported triggers
  - 40.4% infrequently, 26.7% frequently and 8.8% very frequently
  - Triggers were more likely to be associated with a more severe headache

Kelman L. Cephalalgia. 2007 May;27(5):394-402. The triggers or precipitants of the acute migraine attack.

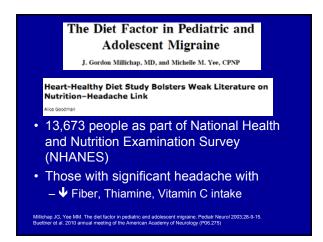


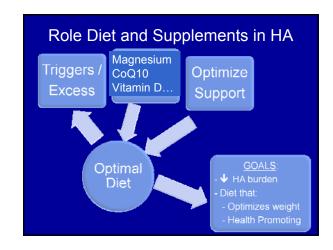


### Dietary Triggers & Headache (individual) A - Foods Allergy (gluten) • Allergenic Trigger (histaminic response) • Additives (MSG, . . . ) - Fast food, frozen, canned, processed, packaged Artificial (sweetners) Aged - Tyramine (cheese, wine, sauerkraut) **Alcohol** • Other (chocolate, caffeine, etc)











SUPPLEMENT	TYPICAL DAILY DOSE
Magnesium	100~600 mg
Riboflavin (Vitamin B-2)	400 mg
Co-enzyme Q10 (coq10)	150 mg
Butterbur (Petasites Hybridus)	100 mg-150 mg
Feverfew (Tanacetum parthemium)	50~100 mg standardized extract
Ginger (Zingiber officinale)	250~1000mg



### Magnesium -**Diverse Functions**

- Anti-Inflammatory mediator (**V**Mg = **↑**CRP)
- Calcium channel blocker
- Muscle contraction/relaxation
- **Energy reactions**
- Platelet aggregation
- **V**CSF Mg levels associated poor neurovascular tone
- ◆Mg and ♠Ca/Mg ratio may modulate cerebral serotonin receptors

rites of Magnesium Implications for Anti-migraine Actions. Magnesium 1985, 4:169-75. Inde A. et al. Low Brain Magnesium in Migraine. Headsche 1989, 2:090-93. Headsche 1990, 3:00, 5:00.

Magnesium Prophyliade of Morstial Migraine. Effects on Intra collidar Magnesium. Headsche 1990, 2:00, 5:00,

### Oral Magnesium - Studies

- Menstrual migraine
  - 360 mg/day Mg pyrrolidone carboxylic acid
     HA days ★ 4.7 to 2.4 & Menstrual symp.(p< 0.03)</li>
- Chronic Migraine X 12 wks

  - 600 mg/day trimagnesium dicitrate (24 mmol)
     Freq. HA **↓:** 42% Mg vs. 16% (P < 0.05)</li>
     Days with migraine **↓:** 52.3% vs 19.5% (p<0.05)</li>
- · Chronic Migraine:
  - 20 mmol Magnesium-u-aspartate-hydrochloride-trihydrate
  - Stopped early GI symptoms

Dietary Magnesium and C-reactive Protein Levels

ana E. King, MD, Arch G. Mainous III, PhD, Mark E. Geesey, MS, and Robert F. Woolson, PhD Department of Family Medicine (D.E.K., A.G.M., M.E.G.), Department of Biometry, Bioinfomatics, and Epidemiology (R.F.W.), Medical University of South Carolina, Charleston, South Carolina Key words: dietary magnesium, CRP, cardiovascular, inflammation

- Among US adults, 68% consumed less than the recommended daily allowance (RDA) of magnesium, and 19% consumed less than 50% of the RDA.
- Adults who consumed <RDA of</li> magnesium were 1.48 –1.75 times more likely to have elevated CRP

al of the American College of Nutrition, Vol. 24, No. 3, 166-171 (2005)

### Oral Magnesium - Studies

- · Magnesium in Children DBPCT
  - (N=118) 9 mg/kg Magnesium Oxide / day
    - Frequency of HA → pre-post:
      - -Mg (P = 0.0037)
      - -Placebo (P= 0.086)
    - HA severity 

      in Mg vs. Placebo (P < 0.003)

Wang F, Van Den Eeden S, Ackerson L, et al. Headache 2003;43:601-610

### Magnesium - Studies

- IV Mg sulfate (1 g) for acute migraine
  - 80% with significant improvement w/in 15 min.
  - 85% of responders = low ionized Mg level <0.54 mmol/L
  - 85% of nonresponders = normal ionized Mg level
  - No correlation with serum Mg
  - Better for migraine with aura

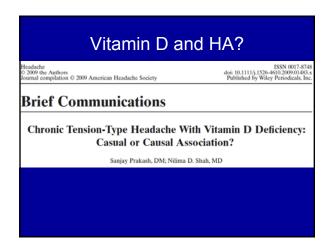
Mauskop A, et al. Clin Sci 1995 Mauskop A, et al. Headache 1996 Demirkaya S, et al. Headache 2001 Bigal ME et al. Cephalgia 2002.

### Oral Magnesium – key points

- · Appears to works best in:

  - Migraine with aura
  - Reducing frequency > severity of migraine
- · Absorption is key
  - ? Best formulation (trimg dicitrate, pidolate, glycinate.
- · Side Effects: Diarrhea & loose stools
  - Consume with food and split dosage? Chelated formulation
- · Full efficacy may take several months
- Synergistic Antidepressant / antispasmotic

Szewczyk B, Poleszak E, Sowa-Kućma M et al. Antidepressant activity of zinc and magnesi hypotheses of antidepressant action. Pharmacol Rep. 2008 Sep-Oct;60(5):588-9.



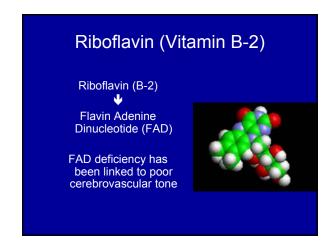


Magnesium Absorption: Mechanisms and the Influence of Vitamin D, Calcium and Phosphate¹

LAURIE L. HARDWICK, MICHAEL R. JONES,² NACHMAN BRAUTBAR' AND DAVID B. N. LEE¹

Division of Nephrology (111R), Veterans Administration Medical Center, Sepulveda, CA 91343

• Pharmacological doses of vitamin D increase Mg absorption in both vitamin D-deficient and vitamin D-replete animals



Vitamin D — Depression - CV

• ↑ rate of depression in those <40 nml/L

• RCT of 20 - 40,000 IU Vitamin D/wk x 1 yr

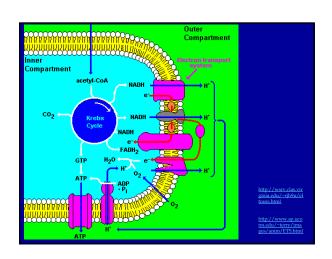
• Significant improvement in BDI scores versus placebo after 1 year

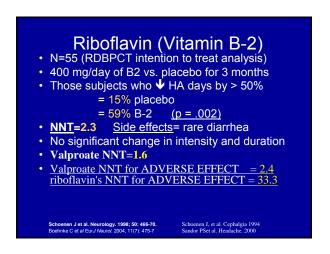
OBJGINAL ENVESTIGATION

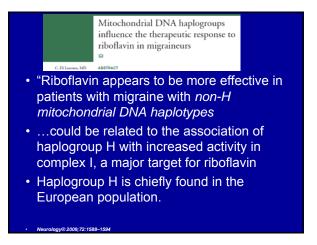
Prevalence of Cardiovascular Risk Factors and the Serum Levels of 25-Hydroxyvitamin D in the United States

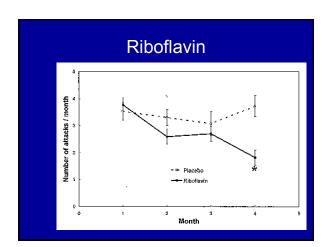
Data From the Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

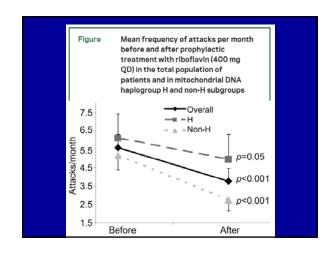
Datal Martins, MD, MS Mide Wolf MD, MMSS; Depa Rus, MS, Adval Zadabis, MD, Nauren Taren, MD, Ren'l Tablesus, MD, MSPIL And If classifed, MD, Pure, MS, Adval Zadabis, MD, Nauren Taren, MD, Jorde et al. Effects of Vitamin D supplementation on symptoms of depression in overweight and obese subjects: randomized double binding st., Internal Med. 2008 Dec. 284(6):698-600.

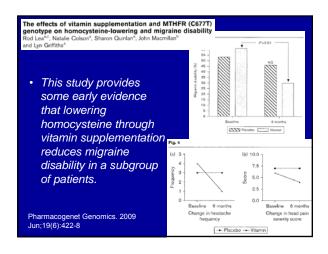


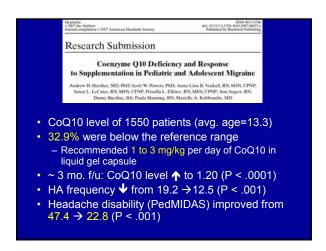














- Oral administration of coenzyme Q10 (300 mg) improved subjective fatigue sensation and physical performance during fatigueinducing workload trials
- ....might prevent unfavorable conditions as a result of physical fatigue.

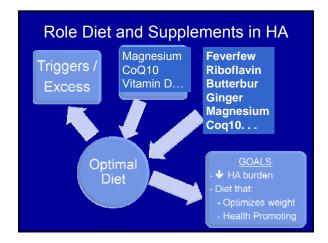




- CoQ10 was significantly (p=0.0002) lower in depressed patients than in controls.
- 51.4% of depressed patients had CoQ10 values that were lower than the lowest plasma CoQ10 value detected in controls.
- CoQ10 was significantly lower in patients with Treatment Resistant Depression.

Maes M. Lower plasma Coenzyme Q10 in depression: a marker for treatment resistance and chronic fatigue in depression and a risk factor to cardiovascular disorder in that illness. Neuro Endocrinol Lett. 2009;30(4):462-9.

# Feverfew (Tanacetum parthenium) Daisy like plant recognized by first century Greek physicians Analgesic Pyretic Dysmenorrhea Active Ingredients: Parthenolide Tanetin and many other bioflavanoids



### **Feverfew Studies**

- 3 (+): Reduced severity, duration, and frequency (♥ ~ 24%) of migraine headaches.<sup>1-3</sup> (employed dried, powdered leaves).
- 1 (-): study which used an alcohol extract<sup>4</sup>
- Cochrane: "Results from these trials were mixed and did not convincingly establish that feverfew is efficacious for preventing migraine."<sup>5</sup>
  - Johnson ES. Br Med J 1985;291:569–73.
     Murphy JJ. Lancet 1988;2:189–92.
- Murphy JJ, Lancet 1988;2:189–92.
   Palevitch D, Phytother Res 1997;11:508–11
- De Weerdt CJ, Phytomed 1996;3:225–30.5.
   Cockress Database Surf Rev. 2004(1):CD00238

# Feverfew More Recent Formulations

- Efficacy and safety of 6.25 mg t.i.d. feverfew CO2-extract in migraine prevention--a randomized, double-blind, multicentre, placebocontrolled study.
- Sublingually administered feverfew and ginger compound for acute treatment of migraine when administered during the mild pain phase

Cephalgia. 2005 Nov;25(11):1031-41. Med Sci Monit. 2005 Sep;11(9):Pl65-9

### **Butterbur dosing**

- · Petadolex brand
- Dosing
- Adults: 150 mg/day
- Peds: 6-9 years 25 mg twice daily Older Peds: 50 mg twice daily
- S.E.: Mild GI events (eructation)
- ? Hepatic

# Butterbur (Petasites hybridus root)

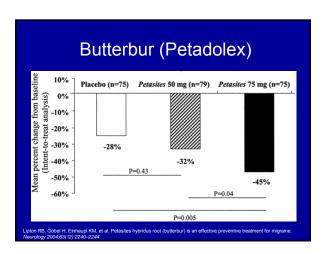


- Sesquiterpene
- Petasin
- Isopetasin
- Volatile oils
- Flavonoids
- Tannins
- railillis
- Pyrrolizidine alkaloids\*

### Activity

- Antispasmodic effects on smooth muscle
- • Ieukotriene & histamine synthesis
- Used traditionally for allergy disorders

Comparison of RX vs Herbal Therapies  Avg ♥ in The % of HA/Mo; therapy						
Results 16 RCT	N	Absolute attack reduction	responders*			
Propranolol	(n = 2,075)	~2	18.5%-48%			
Topiramate	(n = 1,792)	~2	35% - 63%			
Butterbur (Petadolex)	(n = 60) (n= 233)	1.6 1.7	45% & 68%			
Feverfew (CO2 extract)	(n = 147) (n = 218)	1.8 1.9**	37% & 30%			
*at least 50% migraine reduction ** reduction seen in subjects with > 4 HA/ month at baseline						
Migraine prophylaxis with herbal extracts from petasites and tanacetum versus propranolol and topiramate – a comparative review of DBRCT. Diener HC 2009 American Headache Society						



1AA	N Pra	actice Parar	meters	3
NSAIDs				
Aspirin	В	+	+	Infrequent
Fenoprofen				-
Flurbiprofen				
Mefenamic acid				
Ibuprofen	C	?	+	Infrequent
Ketoprofen	В	+	+	Infrequent
Naproxen/naprox	В	+	+	Infrequent
Serotonin antagonis				
Cyproheptadine	C	?	+	Frequent
Methysergide	A	+++	+++	Frequent
Other				
Feverfew	В	++	+	Infrequent
Magnesium	В	+	+	Infrequent
Vitamin B2	В	+++	++	Infrequent

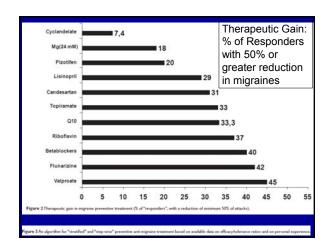
Silberstein SD. Practice parameter: evidence-based guidelines for migraine headache (an evidence-based review): report of the Quality Standards Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. Neurology. 2010 Sep 36:55(6):754.62

	Substances	Daily dose (mg)	Level
	Betablockers		
	Metoprolol	50-200	A
	Propranolol	40-240	A
European Federation of Neurological Societies (EFNS) guideline on the drug treatment of migraine S. Evers et al. 2009	Calcium channel blockers		
	Flunarizine	5-10	A
	Antiepileptic drugs		
	Valproic acid	500-1800	A
	Topiramate	25-100	A
	Amitriptyline	50-150	В
	Venlafaxine	75-150	В
	Naproxen	$2 \times 250-500$	В
	Petasites	2 × 75	В
	Bisoprolol	5-10	В
	Acetylsalicylic acid	300 mg	C
	Gabapentin	1200–1600 mg	C
	Magnesium	24 mmol	C
	Tanacetum parthenium	$3 \times 6.25$ mg	C
	Riboflavin	400 mg	C
	Coenzyme Q10	300 mg	C
	Candesartan	16 mg	C
	Lisinopril	20 mg	C
	Methysergide	4-12 mg	C

### Other Supplements

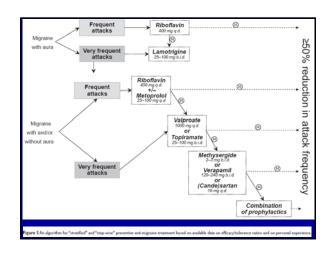
- Melatonin start at 1-3 mg
- Alpha Lipoic Acid 600 -1200 mg/day
- Ginkgo Biloba 120 mg/day
- Ginger 250 -1000 mg/day
- Omega-3 (EPA/DHA) 1-3 grams/day
- Topical and Intranasal options
  - Capsicum
  - Peppermint...

Fusco BM. Preventative effect of repeated pasal applications of capsaicin in cluster headache. Pain 1994 Dec;59(3):321-5



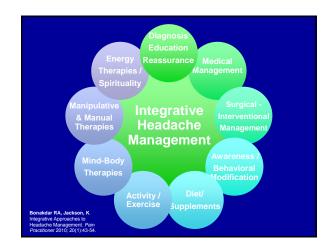
### **Optimizing Care**

- Supplement guidance
- Monitoring



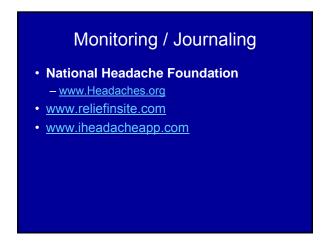


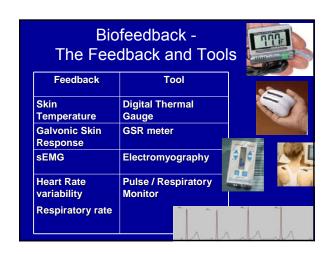












# Mind-Body Therapies in Migraine AHRQ Meta-analysis

- 39 Trials
  - Thermal and EMG BF
  - Relaxation training
  - Stress management training
  - Cognitive Behavioral training
- 32% to 49% improvement versus control
- American Academy of Neurology recommends mind-body therapies be considered Grade A or B level evidence

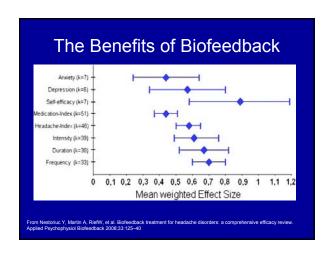
Agency for Health Care Policy and Research, Duke University, Center for Clinical Health Policy Research, Behavioral and physical treatments for migraine headache, technical review 2.2. Rockville, Md.: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Agency for Health Care Policy and Research, 1999.

# 

# Mind-body in Tension type Headaches

- 35 trials
  - EMG BF
  - Relaxation training
  - EMG BF + relaxation therapy
  - Stress management training
  - Cognitive Behavioral training
- 37 to 50% reduction compared to 2-9% with control

McCroy DC, Penzien DB, Hasselblad V, Gray RN, for the Duke University Evidence-based Practice Center Center for Clinical Health Policy Research, Foundation for Chiropractic Education and Research, Evidence report: behavioral and physical treatments for tension-type and cervicogenic headache. Des Moines, Iowa: Foundation for Chiropractic Education and Research 2001



### Meta-analysis of Integrative Approach

- Management of chronic tension-type headache with TCA, stress management therapy, and their combination: a randomized controlled trial
  - TCA alone (38%; *P*=.006)
  - Stress mgmt/BF alone (35%; *P*=.003)
  - Combined therapy 64% response rate

Holroyd et al. *JAMA*. 2001;285:2208-2215 (A); Holroyd et al. *Pain*. 1990;42:1-13 (A







Effectiveness of an educational and physical programme in reducing headache, neck and shoulder pain: a workplace controlled trial

• N= 384 office workers with chronic HA/ neck pain, randomized to UC vs:

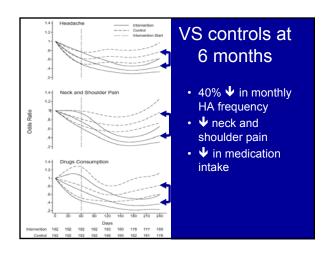
- Relaxation exercises

- Stretches

- Awareness

Morgini F-Ciccone G. Rota E et al. Effectiveness of an educational and physical program in reducing headache, neck and shoulder pain a volutional controlled trial. Cephaleigia







### Acupuncture



**Acupuncture** involves stimulation, typically with a needle, of specific points that have traditional and biophysiological properties

Acupuncture for chronic headache in primary care: large, pragmatic, randomised trial

Andrew J Vickers, Rebecca W Rees, Catherine E Zollman, Rob McCarney, Claire Smith, Nadia Ellis, Peter Fisher, Robbert Van Haselen

Cost effectiveness analysis of a randomised trial of acupuncture for chronic headache in primary care

David Wonderling, Andrew J Vickers, Richard Grieve, Rob McCarney

- N = 401 chronic headaches
- 12 ACP TXs + usual care vs. usual care
  - Daily diaries of headache & med use
  - Primary outcome = HA score at 1-year follow-up
- **♦** 34% with ACP HA scores

16% in controls (P = 0.0002)

Larger effects were seen in patients with more severe symptoms

### NIH Consensus 1997

"Acupuncture may be useful as an adjunct treatment or an acceptable alternative or be included in a comprehensive management program

- Myofascial pain
- Osteoarthritis
- Low back pain
- Headache
- Menstrual cramps
- · Tennis elbow
- Fibromyalgia
- Carpal tunnel syndrome
- Addiction
- · Stroke rehabilitation
- Asthma

The NIH Consensus Development Program. Available at: http://consensus.nih.gov/1997/1997Acupuncture107html.htm

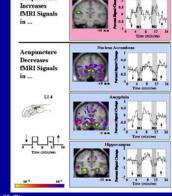
### Conclusions

- "Acupuncture leads to persisting, clinically relevant benefits for primary care patients with chronic headache, particularly migraine."
- · Compared with controls, patients having ACP:
  - 22 fewer headaches/ year
  - Improved quality of life (SF-36)
- Treatments were cost effective:
  - 15% **Ψ** medication (P = 0.02)
  - 25% **Ψ** office visits (P = 0.10)
  - $-15\% \Psi \text{ sick days (P = 0.2)}$
  - Cost of treatment similar to sumatriptan

### Acupuncture -Modern

- **Needle manipulation** at LI-4:
- · Control: tactile stimulation only effected somatosensory





Hui et al. Hum Brain Mapp. 2000;9:13-25 (B)

### ACP in Headache

- Acupuncture for patients with migraine: a randomized controlled trial. N=302
  - Reduction in headache days > 50%:
    - 51% in the acupuncture group
    - 53% in the sham acupuncture group.
    - · 15% in the waiting list group
- · Acupuncture for chronic headaches--an epidemiological study N=2022
  - In 52.6% of patients, HA frequency  $\Psi$  by at least 50% compared to baseline.
  - "Effect may largely be due to potent "unspecific needling effects"
- Linde K. JAMA. 2005 May 4;293(17):2118-25.
   Melchant D. et al. Headache. 2006 Apr;46(4):632-41.

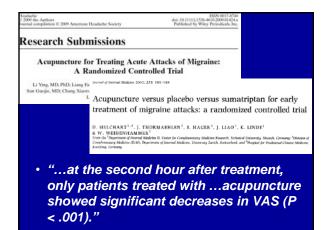
### Cochrane Review – ACP for HA

- 22 trials (n=4419)
- Effective for prevention of migraine HA, & may be slightly better than pharmacotherapy; strength of evidence=A
- 4 trials vs. beta blockers, calcium channel blockers, or valproic acid, ACP demonstrated slightly better outcomes at 2, 4, and 6 months after randomization, with fewer adverse effects.

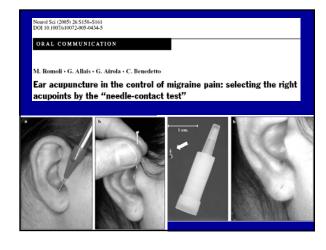
Linde K, Allais G, Brinkhaus B, Manheimer E, Vickers A, White AR. Acupuncture for migraine prophylaxis. Cochrane Database Syst

### **Integrative Overview**

- Rationale
- Prevalence of Treatments
- · Goals of Therapy
- Overview of Treatment Approach
- Integrative Approach: Putting it all together
- Conclusions







Effectiveness of Multidisciplinary Intervention in the Treatment of Migraine: A Randomized Clinical Trial

Mark Lemstra, MSc; Brad Siewart, MD, FRCP(C); W. P. Olszynski, MD, PhD, FRCP(C)

• Group program for migraine 6 weeks with

— 18 group-supervised exercise therapy sessions

— 2 group stress management and relaxation therapy lectures

— 2 massage therapy sessions

— 1 group dietary lecture session

Lemstra M, et al. Effectiveness of multidisciplinary intervention in the treatment of migraine: a randomized clinical trial. Headache. 2002;42:845-854.

# Integrative Management in Headache

- At 6 weeks and 3 months follow-up with intention to treat analysis, statistically significant (P < 0.001) henefit in:
  - Self-perceived pain frequency, intensity, and duration
  - Functional status, quality of life, health status, painrelated disability, and depression
- "Positive health related outcomes in migraine can be obtained with a low cost, group, multidisciplinary intervention in a community based nonclinical setting"

Lemstra M, et al. Effectiveness of multidisciplinary intervention in the treatment of migraine: a randomized clinical trial. Headache. 2002;42:845-854.

### **Dietary Supplement Resources**

- · Office of Dietary Supplements
  - http://dietary-supplements.info.nih.gov
- · Consumer -
  - Medline Plus <a href="http://medlineplus.gov">http://medlineplus.gov</a>
  - USDA http://www.nutrition.gov
- Natural Medicine Comprehensive Database
  - <u>WWW.NaturalDatabase.com</u>

### Headache Management Program Improves Outcome for Chronic Headache

Linda H. Harpole, MD, MPH; Gregory P. Samsa, PhD; Annette E. Jurgelski, MAT; Janice L. Shipley, FNP, MSN, MEd; Allan Bernstein, MD; David B. Matchar, MD

### Research Submission

### Effectiveness of an Intensive Multidisciplinary Headache Treatment Program

Birgit Gunreben-Stempfle, MS; Norbert Grießinger, MD; Eberhard Lang, MD; Barbara Muehlhans, MS; Reinhard Sittl, MD; Kathrin Ulrich, MD

The Headache Management Trial: A Randomized Study of Coordinated Care

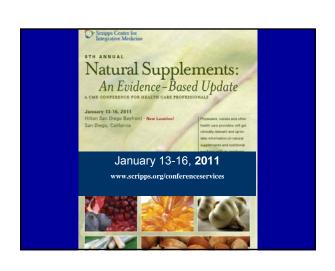
David B. Matchar, MD; Linda Harpole, MD, MPH\*; Gregory P. Samsa, PhD; Annette Jurgelski, MAT; Richard B. Lipton, MD; Stephen D. Silberstein, MD; William Young, MD; Shashidhar Kori, MD\*; Andrew Blumenfeld, MD

# Dietary Supplement Independent Testing and Safety

- GMP (Good Manufacturing Practice)
- Consumer Lab www.consumerlab.com
- NSF <u>www.nsf.org</u>
- USP www.uspverified.org
  - Dietary Supplement Verification Program
- · Clinical Trial / "Prescription" brands

### Headache Resources

- National Headache Foundation
- http://www.headaches.org
- University of Minnesota
- http://www.takingcharge.csh.umn.edu/conditions/migraine
- American Committee for Headache Education
- http://www.achenet.org/news/guidelines.php
- American Headache Council
- www.americanheadachecouncil.com
- National Institutes of Health
  - http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/migraine.html
- MedicineNet, Inc.
  - http://www.medicinenet.com/migraine\_headache/article.htm



### Integrative Approaches to Headache Conclusions

- Headache represents a high burden illness
- Integrative treatments may provide viable treatment options for:
  - Reducing headache triggers
  - Correcting nutrient deficiency
  - Providing synergistic treatment options
  - Managing collateral symptoms/conditions
  - Improving patient self-efficacy

### **Integrative Approaches to Headache Management**

Robert A. Bonakdar, MD Director of Pain Management Scripps Center for Integrative Medicine

**Assistant Clinical Professor** Department of Family and Preventative Medicine U.C. San Diego, School of Medicine (Vol)

### **Integrative Treatments Optimizing Outcomes**

- · Clinician Input is essential to provide
  - Balanced discussion of options and resources
  - Coordination of safe, evidence-based options • Supplements: dose, brand, instructions

  - On-going guidance and follow-up
  - Provide a time-frame for potential benefit
- Additional well-done trials required to
  - Advance understanding of individual and comparative efficacy and safety
  - Synergistic potential of integrated treatments

# **Integrative Team**

FPs Neurologists N.P.s / Nurses **Psychologists** Biofeedback Physical, massage & yoga therapists Dieticians Acupuncturists Pharmacy...